Barriers to Providing Person-Centred Care in Residential, Home, and Community Settings for Individuals with Acquired Brain Injury

Chris MacDonell, International Director of Medical Rehabilitation, CARF International and Barbara O'Connell, CEO Acquired Brain Injury, Ireland

Person-Centered practice is:

- COLLABORATIVE
- Aimed at COOPERATION with persons by demonstrating RESPECT and TAILORING care
- INVOLVING and EMPOWERING them in decision making
- ADVOCATING with and for them to meet their needs
- Recognizing the person's experiences and knowledge
- Involves TEAM and ORGANIZATION factors

Core Values of Person-Centered Care:

- RESPECT the person
- INFORMATION gathered from the person and utilized to develop plan
- ESTABLISH and MAINTAIN care to enable COLLABORATION with the person
- The person is the EXPERT

CARF's mission is to promote the quality, value, and optimal outcomes of services through a consultative accreditation process and continuous improvement services that center on enhancing the lives of persons served.



For more information, please contact Terrence Carolan at tcarolan@carf.org



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1. Leadership:

- × Lack of drive to put in place person-centred practices
- Build person-centred practices in organization's finances, workforce development, management, operations; and training

2. Values:

- × Paternalistic/Custodial
- Empower; facilitate; rehabilitate "do with" versus "do for"
- 3. Financials:
- × Lack of funding leads to rigidity and formalizing services/lack of individuality
- Fundraise; present results of services or comparison of services to funders/payers; encourage group funding services versus individualized.

4. Staffing:

- Insufficient education, understanding, and appreciation of PCC techniques
- ✗ Lack of ability to make a decision − "we are not allowed to do that" attitude
- × Scheduling does not facilitate person-centred care
- Leadership has to drive and endorse person-centred practices – front line staff have to endorse and practice

5. Environment:

- × Lack of appropriate equipment, transportation, and geography
- Fundraise or build alliances for suitable transport and outreach

6. Risk Management:

- × Person served blocked doing some activities due to "perceived risk" err on the side of caution
- × Risk management plans do not address person-centred practices
- Focus in assessments needs to be on ability not disability

Steps To Establishing Performance Measurement Management and Improvement (PMMI) Systems

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Develop action plan Prioritize goals Identify causes/trends Identify gaps and opportunities

Strategy for collection and use of data Awareness campaign to unify and educate Customize to the scope of your unique business

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Based on person-centered care principles and values Self Assess – Gaps/opportunities/factors/barriers Teamwork – Clear purpose, defined roles, active engagement Leadership responsibility and accountability – Support, resources

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