# Barriers to Providing Person-Centred Care in Residential, Home, and Community Settings for Individuals with Acquired Brain Injury

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Person-Centered practice is:

- COLLABORATIVE
- Aimed at COOPERATION with persons by demonstrating RESPECT and TAILORING care
- INVOLVING and EMPOWERING them in decision making
- ADVOCATING with and for them to meet their needs
- Recognizing the person's experiences and knowledge
- Involves TEAM and ORGANIZATION factors

Core Values of Person-Centered Care:

- RESPECT the person
- INFORMATION gathered from the person and utilized to develop plan
- ESTABLISH and MAINTAIN care to enable COLLABORATION with the person
- The person is the EXPERT

CARF's mission is to promote the quality, value, and optimal outcomes of services through a consultative accreditation process and continuous improvement services that center on enhancing the lives of persons served.



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### 1. Leadership:

- × Lack of drive to put in place person-centred practices
- Build person-centred practices in organization's finances, workforce development, management, operations; and training

## 2. Values:

- × Paternalistic/Custodial
- Empower; facilitate; rehabilitate "do with" versus "do for"
- 3. Financials:
- × Lack of funding leads to rigidity and formalizing services/lack of individuality
- Fundraise; present results of services or comparison of services to funders/payers; encourage group funding services versus individualized.

# 4. Staffing:

- Insufficient education, understanding, and appreciation of PCC techniques
- ✗ Lack of ability to make a decision − "we are not allowed to do that" attitude
- × Scheduling does not facilitate person-centred care
- Leadership has to drive and endorse person-centred practices – front line staff have to endorse and practice

### 5. Environment:

- × Lack of appropriate equipment, transportation, and geography
- Fundraise or build alliances for suitable transport and outreach

#### 6. Risk Management:

- × Person served blocked doing some activities due to "perceived risk" err on the side of caution
- × Risk management plans do not address person-centred practices
- Focus in assessments needs to be on ability not disability

# Steps To Establishing Performance Measurement Management and Improvement (PMMI) Systems

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Develop action plan Prioritize goals Identify causes/trends Identify gaps and opportunities

Strategy for collection and use of data Awareness campaign to unify and educate Customize to the scope of your unique business

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Based on person-centered care principles and values Self Assess – Gaps/opportunities/factors/barriers Teamwork – Clear purpose, defined roles, active engagement Leadership responsibility and accountability – Support, resources

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